

## HLA Balanced Fund (HLABF)

June 2024

### Fund Features

#### 1. Investment Objective

This fund aims to achieve consistent capital growth over the medium-to-long term by investing in a diversified investment portfolio containing a balanced mixture of equities and fixed income securities.

#### 2. Investment Strategy & Approach

HLABF will principally feed into third party collective investment schemes that meet the fund's objective. HLABF may also invest directly in a diversified portfolio of domestic and/or foreign assets including equities, equity-related securities, deposits or any other financial instruments that offer potential capital appreciation.

At inception, the fund will invest by feeding into Hong Leong Balanced Fund ("Target Fund"), with the option to increase the number of funds or replace the Target Fund in future.

The Target Fund invests in equity securities of companies operating in Malaysia. Generally, companies that have low shareholders' risk, strong balance sheets with strong operating cash flows and sustainable earnings, and low relative valuations represented by reasonable price earnings ratio (PER) or price-to-book ratios (P/B) are selected. The manager combines a "top-down" asset and sector allocation analysis with a "bottom-up" stock selection process for the equity portion of the fund. For the fixed income portion of the Target Fund, the manager maintains fundamental and active management of the Target Fund, where investment decisions are made in accordance to future projections of interest rates, return on investments and access to liquidity.

#### 3. Asset Allocation

The Target Fund will invest a minimum of 40% and maximum of 60% of its NAV in equities. The balance of its NAV will be invested in fixed income securities and money market instruments.

#### 4. Target Market

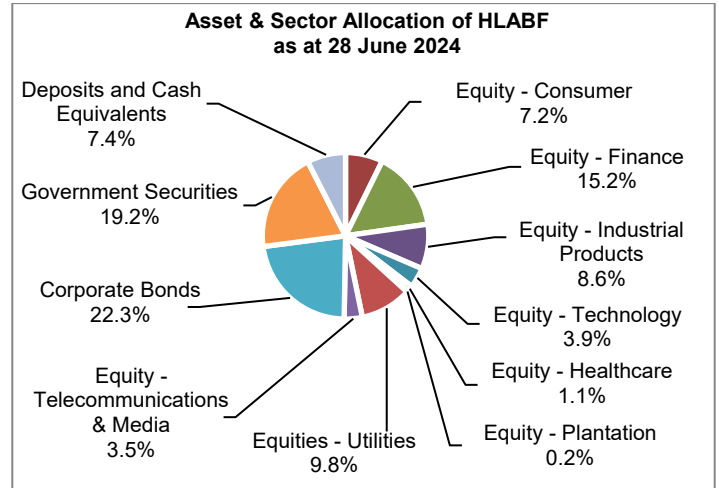
This fund is suitable for investors have conservative to moderate risk-reward temperament and have a medium-to-long term investment horizon.

### Fund Details

Unit Price (28/6/2024)	: RM1.127
Fund Size (28/6/2024)	: RM1.506 mil
Fund Management Fee	: 1.30%
Fund Manager	: Hong Leong Assurance Berhad
Fund Inception	: 27 April 2022
Benchmark	: (60% x FTSE Bursa Malaysia KLCI Index (FMB KLCI) + (40% x 3-month KLIBOR)
Frequency of Unit Valuation	: Daily

Fund management charge of underlying Collective Investment Scheme(s) is part of Fund Management Fee as stated in table above. There are no additional charges being charged to the Policy Owner. The Company reserves the right to change the Fund Management Fee (% p.a.) by giving the Policy Owner three (3) months prior written notice.

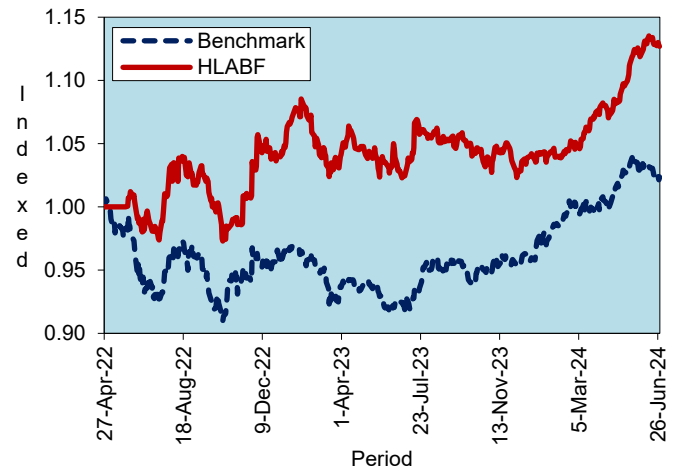
Asset Allocation for HLABF as at 28 June 2024	%
Hong Leong Balanced Fund	98.37
Cash	1.63
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0</b>



### Top 5 Holdings for HLABF as at 28 June 2024

Rank	Holder	%
1.	Tenaga Nasional Berhad	10.0
2.	Malaysian Government Securities -2028	9.1
3.	CIMB Group Holdings Berhad	6.7
4.	AMMB Holdings Berhad	6.2
5.	Press Metal Aluminium Holdings berhad	4.6
<b>Total Top 5</b>		<b>36.7</b>

### Historical Performance



	YTD	1 month	1 year	3 years	5 years	Since Inception
HLABF	8.28%	0.74%	10.00%	-	-	12.70%
Benchmark*	6.80%	-0.20%	11.42%	-	-	2.37%
Relative	1.49%	0.94%	-1.42%	-	-	10.33%

**Notice: Past performance of the fund is not an indication of its future performance.**

## HLA Balanced Fund (HLABF)

### Market Review, Outlook & Strategy

#### Equities

During the month, the FTSE Bursa Malaysia (FBM) KLCI declined by -0.62% at 1,590 points. Again, the broader market outperformed as the FBM EMAS Index rose 0.45% to close at 12,216 points. Small caps outperformed as the FBM Small Cap Index rose 3.6% to close at 19,189 points.

There is a correction in the larger cap names in the month of June, largely as investors take profit ahead of expected global pullback and quarter/half-end. On the corporate front, Telekom Malaysia Berhad (TM) is entering a proposed joint venture (JV) with Nxera MY Private Limited (subsidiary of Singapore Telecommunications Limited (Singtel)) to develop data centre facilities in Johor.

The Fund will continue to identify companies that are potential winners in growing industries helmed by capable management.

#### Fixed Income

In June, United States Treasuries (UST) curve experienced mild bear flattening since the last quarterly outlook on resilient US data. May payroll was unexpectedly strong, but other survey-based indicators point to weaknesses. Consumer Price Index (CPI) inflation resumed downtrend in May, however the Federal Reserve (Fed) needs more data points to gain greater confidence to begin easing, and markets are not pricing in a full 25 basis points (bps) cut until November.

Locally in Malaysia, headline inflation accelerated at a slightly faster-than-expected pace at 2% in May, mainly driven by higher utility bills, although food inflation decelerated. The Producer Price Index (PPI) marginally increased to 1.9% in April, continuing its upward trend from the previous month. The domestic bond markets saw the 5-Year and 10-Year benchmark yields ended the month slightly lower at 3.64% and 3.86% respectively, in tandem with a decline in UST yields. In the corporate debt primary issuances space, DiGi Telecommunications Sendirian Berhad issued a RM1 billion sukuk with tenures of 5 years and 7 years, at RM500 million respectively. Despite the tight corporate market, the 7-Year sukuk achieved a final yield of 3.93%, approximately 13 bps above the 7-Year Malaysian Government Securities (MGS) yield.

The recent Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) minutes suggest some subtle calls for Fed Funds Rate (FFR) hikes, given the lack of confidence for inflation to move towards the Fed's 2.0% objective. The Fed kept the Fed Funds Target Rate (FFTR) steady at 5.25%-5.50% and maintain this terminal FFTR level in the latest June meeting. We expect the Fed to have one 25 bps of rate cut towards the end of 2024. Strictly for information purpose only. Not for circulation.

We expect recovery in exports, sustained domestic demand and upside inflation risk arising from fuel subsidy cuts to curb Bank Negara Malaysia (BNM) from implementing any Overnight Policy Rate (OPR) cuts this year. As such, we maintain our expectations of no change to the OPR at 3.00% in 2024, but will watch for upside risk should Gross Domestic Product (GDP) growth accelerate together with faster banking sector loan growth and lower unemployment.

We continue to overweight corporate bonds for additional yield pickup and seek opportunities to rebalance our portfolios.

#### **Actual Annual Investment Returns for the Past Two (2) Calendar Years**

<b>Year</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2023</b>
<b>Benchmark</b>	-3.42%	-0.75%
<b>HLABF - Gross</b>	5.4%	1.5%
<b>HLABF - Net</b>	4.0%	0.1%

Net returns are adjusted for tax and fund management fees.

Those are the actual returns in the past two (2) years, or since inception if shorter, and are strictly the performance of the investment-linked fund. Thus, the returns are not earned on the actual premium paid of the investment-linked product.

**Notice: Past performance of the fund is not an indication of its future performance.**

## HLA Balanced Fund (HLABF)

### Investment Risks

All investments carry risks. Policy Owners must be prepared to accept certain degree of risk associated with this Investment. The following are the non-exhaustive list of risks associated to this fund.

#### 1. Market Risk

Market risk stems from the fact that there are other economy-wide perils, which threaten all businesses. It is mainly caused by uncertainties in the economy, political and social environment.

#### 2. Liquidity Risk

Defined as the ease with which a security can be sold at or near its fair value. This risk occurs in thinly traded or illiquid securities. Should the fund need to sell a relatively large amount of such securities, such action itself may significantly depress the selling price.

#### 3. Credit Risk

This refers to the possibility that the issuer of a security will not be able to make timely payments of interest or principal repayment on the maturity date. The default may lead to a fall in the value of the funds.

#### 4. Interest Rate Risk

The level of interest rates has an impact on the value of investments. Any increase in rates will lead to a fall in the value of securities, thus affecting the value of the funds.

#### 5. Concentration Risk

Concentration risk occurs when a portfolio is overweight on a particular security, sector or asset class. As the fund invests mainly into third party collective investment scheme (CIS) and by virtue of the CIS investing in a diversified portfolio of equities as well as dynamic asset allocation strategy between equities and other financial securities, the concentration risk is mitigated.

#### 6. Target Fund(s) Risk

The fund invests in third party CIS which is being managed by another fund manager. The CIS is carefully selected in order to ensure that the objectives of said CIS are appropriately aligned with the fund. Nevertheless, the Fund Manager does not have control over the management of the CIS and any adverse effect on the CIS will inevitably affect the fund. In such instance, the Fund Manager may replace the CIS with another CIS which the Fund Manager considers to be more appropriate or invest directly in a diversified portfolio in order to meet the objective of the fund. Please also refer to the Target Fund's prospectus for more detailed and comprehensive information on Target Fund specific risks.

If the fund invests in Foreign Assets, it will be exposed to the following risks:

#### 7. Country Risk

The foreign investments made by the fund are subjected to risks specific to the country in which it invests. Such risks include changes in a country's economic fundamentals, social and political stability, currency movements, foreign investment policies and etc. The risk may be mitigated by closely monitoring the developments in the countries in order to identify any emerging risk.

#### 8. Currency Risk

This risk applies to foreign investment, in which the investment may rise or fall due to fluctuation in the foreign currencies. Adverse movements in currencies exchange rates can result in a loss to the investment.

### Risk Management

The Company has in place its authorized investment framework which forms part of the Risk Management process. The authority framework covers the nature and scope of the investment authority that is exercisable by various parties in managing the Company's investments. The potential investment risks that are taken into consideration in managing the fund include economic conditions, liquidity, qualitative and quantitative aspects of the securities. The investment manager(s) have put in place the following controls to reduce the risks through:

- a) having a flexible tactical asset allocation
- b) investing in a wide range of companies across different sectors
- c) setting prudent investment limits on various exposures
- d) taking into account the liquidity factor in selecting securities
- e) engaging in the hedging of foreign currency exposure where appropriate

### Basis of Unit Valuation

1. The assets of every fund are to be valued to determine the value at which units of a particular fund can be liquidated or purchased for investment purposes.
2. The unit price of a unit of a fund shall be determined by the Company but in any event shall not be less than the value of fund of the relevant fund (as defined below), divided by the number of units of the given fund in issue on the business day before the valuation date, and the result adjusted to the nearest one hundredth of a cent.
3. The maximum value of any asset of any fund shall not exceed the following price:
  - a) The last transacted market price at which those assets could be purchased or sold on the business day before the valuation date; or
  - b) In the case of securities for which market values are not readily available, the price at which, in our Investment Manager's opinion, the asset may have been purchased on the business day before the valuation date; plus any expenses which would have been incurred in its acquisition.
4. To ensure fair treatment to all unit holders, the cost of acquiring and disposing of assets is recouped by making a transaction cost adjustment to the net asset value per unit.

### Exceptional Circumstances

The Company reserves the right to defer the payment of benefits (other than death benefit) under this Policy for a period not exceeding six (6) months from the date the payment would have been normally effected if not for intervening events such as temporary closure of any Stock Exchange in which the fund is invested which the Company, in its discretion, may consider exceptional.

### Target Fund Details

Hong Leong Balanced Fund is a Balanced fund managed by Hong Leong Asset Management. The past performance of this fund is as follows:

Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Performance	1.1%	13.6%	1.1%	15.4%	-4.7%	14.0%	15.2%	11.1%	-10.0%	-1.2%

Source: Hong Leong Asset Management

## **HLA Balanced Fund (HLABF)**

### **Basis of Calculation of Past Performance**

The historical performance of the fund is calculated based on the price difference over the period in consideration compared to the older price of the period in consideration.

$$\frac{\text{Unit Price}_t - \text{Unit Price}_{t-1}}{\text{Unit Price}_{t-1}}$$

For the underlying Target Fund, past performance is calculated after adjusting for distribution and/or additional units, if any.

### **Others**

HLA Balanced Fund is managed by HLA. Any amount invested in this fund is invested by HLA on behalf of Policy Owner in equity, fixed income, collective investment scheme, foreign asset, derivatives and money market instrument/s. If the financial institutions and/or corporations issuing the equity, fixed income, collective investment scheme, foreign asset, derivatives and money market instruments defaults or becomes insolvent, the Policy Owner risks losing part or all of his/her amount that were invested into the instruments on his/her behalf by HLA.

**THIS IS AN INSURANCE PRODUCT THAT IS TIED TO THE PERFORMANCE OF THE UNDERLYING ASSETS, AND IS NOT A PURE INVESTMENT PRODUCT SUCH AS UNIT TRUSTS.**

### **Disclaimer:**

Policy Owner must evaluate your options carefully and satisfy yourself that the investment-linked fund chosen meets your risk appetite. Past performance of the fund is not an indication of its future performance. The intention of this document is to enable Policy Owner to better understand the fund features and details in order to serve as a guide to the Policy Owner to making an informed decision. This document shall not be construed as professional advice on investment choices.